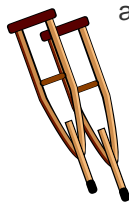




Arthroscopy Mobilisation

Physiotherapy - Unless you have a chronic joint condition or unless arthroscopy was done for diagnosis only, the arthroscopic surgery should have improved the condition of your joint. Occasionally during arthroscopy, injury or disease will be discovered that cannot be treated adequately with arthroscopy alone. In order to achieve optimal recovery, an extensive amount of work with the supervision of a physiotherapist is necessary. The final result that you achieve is greatly dependent upon the amount of rehabilitative effort you make. This will be discussed at the time of your first follow-up visit to the office. Physiotherapy should start within the first week after surgery.

Activity - Crutches arthroscopy but they weight upon your and tightening of the the thigh) should start session for 15 minutes contractions should be

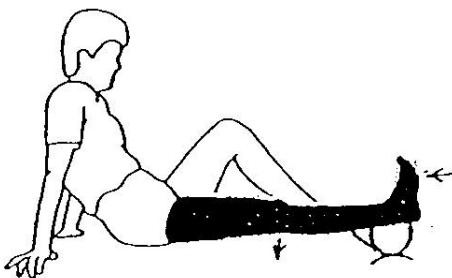


are usually not necessary for walking after may be necessary for comfort. You may place surgical leg when comfortable. Active motion quadriceps muscles (muscles on the front of the day of surgery. A twice daily exercise which would include motion and muscle continued for at least 3 weeks at home following the surgery. Jogging or running should be deferred until your muscles have restrengthened. If a severe arthritic condition exists within the knee, then crutches will be necessary, and additional modifications of activity will be recommended. If deep stitches were placed within the joint or the kneecap, a brace will be necessary to limit knee motion for several weeks

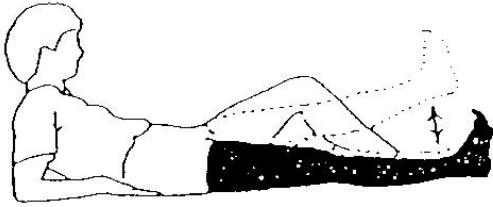
Relieving Pain - Do not dangle your leg for long periods of time. Elevate your knee above heart level to reduce swelling and pain. Ice and rest can also help. During the first two days after arthroscopy, apply ice to your knee for 20 minutes, 3 times a day. Depending on your needs, a physiotherapist can design a personalised exercise program to help improve your muscle strength and joint function.

WHAT EXERCISES TO DO

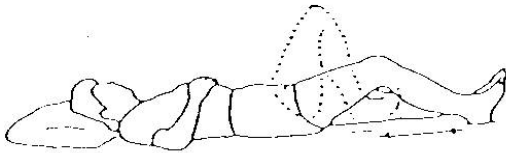
Building up the muscles that support your knee and improving joint mobility are the best ways to speed recovery. The following exercises are recommended and are to be done lying flat on your back.



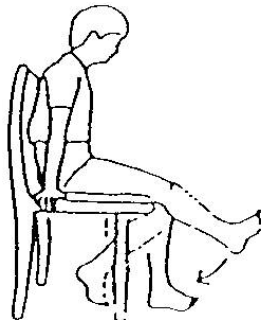
QUADRICEPS SETS - Tighten your front thigh muscles (quadriceps), pressing your knee toward the floor. Hold for 5 seconds then relax.



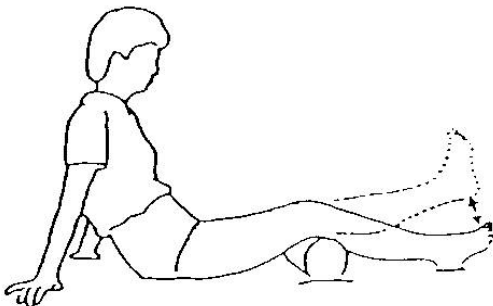
STRAIGHT LEG RAISES - Lift your leg 30cms, keeping your knee straight. Hold for 5 seconds, then lower your leg slowly back to the ground.



HEEL SLIDES - Bend your knee and slide your heel toward your hip as far as you can. Hold for 5 seconds and then slide back down until your knee touches the floor.



KNEE FLEXION (BENDING) SITTING – Sit over the edge of the bed or on a chair and bend your knee back as far as you can. Hold for 5-10 seconds



INNER RANGE QUADRICEPS – Place a rolled up towel under your knee and straighten your leg so that your heel lifts off the bed. Your knee should remain on the towel. Hold for 5-10 seconds

Dr Steven Lawrie
MBBS FRACS Ortho
Provider No 2047527A

www.sunshineortho.com.au

Suite 17,
Kawana Private Hospital
5 Innovation Parkway,
Birtinya QLD 4575
p: 07 5493 3994
f: 07 5493 3897
e: info@sunshineortho.com.au